

CENTURY WAR BOOK  
not a cheap publication by an  
unknown house. The material in it  
is the Century Magazine's hun-  
dreds of thousands of dollars, and  
represents the greatest triumph  
of the printer's art.

THE WAY IT GROWS.  
Since Friday last six hundred new  
subscribers have been added to the  
list of the Semi-Weekly Gazette, an  
average of two hundred a day.



Waists exactly like the  
above cut, 50c each.

Compliments  
Statistics & History  
75c  
G. Y. S. H & CO.

**DEVER'S POLICE MUDDLE.**  
The Supreme Court Decides the  
Matter in Gov. Walte's Favor.  
By Associated Press.  
Denver, Col., April 16.—The supreme  
court has just granted the writ of cus-  
tody in the case of the police board con-  
troversy and ordered the old board to  
resign its office at noon tomorrow.  
This is a complete victory for Governor  
Walter. Since the supreme court has  
granted its decision the members of  
the old board have decided to keep  
their offices until noon tomorrow, and  
are making preparations to leave at  
that time. The new board, which was  
appointed by Governor Walter, is al-  
ready making preparations to leave at  
noon tomorrow. The case was heard  
by the supreme court and the decision  
was in favor of Governor Walter. The  
old board, which was appointed by  
Governor H. H. Wells, had been in  
office since the death of Governor  
Wells. The new board, which was  
appointed by Governor Walter, had  
been in office since the death of  
Governor Wells. The case was heard  
by the supreme court and the decision  
was in favor of Governor Walter.

**COMMODORE ERBEN'S RETIREMENT.**  
Several Changes Are Scheduled to  
Happen at That Time.  
Press Report.  
Washington, April 16.—The Chicago  
Commodore Erben's flag ship, and the  
only United States ship on the Euro-  
pean station, will return to the United  
States within the next few months.  
In order to be refitted with an en-  
tirely new set of boilers, engines and ma-  
chinery of modern type, provisions for  
which is contained in the naval appropria-  
tion bill. Commodore Erben will  
reach home before that date, provided  
present plans are not upset. These in-  
clude the voluntary retirement of Ad-  
miral Gherard in June, the enforced  
retirement of Admiral Fyfe (now com-  
modore) in July, and the voluntary re-  
tirement, before September, of Admiral  
Stanton (now commodore). Admiral  
Stanton's retirement before Commodore  
Erben's retirement is contingent on his  
promotion to the grade of admiral be-  
fore that date, by reason of the volun-  
tary retirement of Admiral Gherard.  
The latter holds the key to the situation  
and is expected to employ it as  
above indicated for the special benefit  
of his intimate friend, Commodore Er-  
ben. The Chicago will probably be  
replaced on the European station by  
the New York or the San Francisco,  
leaving the Columbia as the flagship of  
the home station.

**TALK OF MR. MILLS**  
May be Presented the Fi-  
nancial Chairmanship.  
**SUPREME COURT DECISIONS**  
Opinions Handed Down by  
the Highest Tribunal,  
One of Which is a Texas Case.  
Senator Dixon to Retire—Colonel  
Breckinridge Back in the  
House—This Year's Seals.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—There is al-  
ready more or less quiet talk about the  
senate as to Mr. Vance's probable suc-  
cessor on the finance committee. Con-  
versations with a number of Demo-  
cratic senators today develop the fact  
that a majority of them are of the opinion  
that the choice will fall upon Senator  
Mills of Texas. He is considered  
especially eligible because of the at-  
tention he has given for years to the  
financial questions and the fact that he  
was chosen for this post temporarily  
in the absence of Senator McPherson,  
during the preparation of the tariff  
bill now before the senate, would seem  
to put him in line for the permanent  
membership at this time. It is pos-  
sible that Senator Mills' claims may be  
contested by the Northern and Eastern  
senators, who, as it is known, have not  
been entirely satisfied to have so large  
a preponderance of Southern and West-  
ern men on the committee as is now the  
case. If they make a successful effort  
to secure the appointment the choice  
would probably fall upon either Sen-  
ator Hill or Senator Vilas. Senator  
Dixon's name has been mentioned in  
this connection, but owing to the fact  
that Ohio already has in Senator Sher-  
man a member of the committee, it is  
considered improbable that he would  
be selected. There is also a possibility  
that the far West may ask for mem-  
bership on the committee, and Senator  
White of California has been men-  
tioned as a possibility. Friends of  
Senator Mills call attention to the fact  
that Mr. Vance was a Southern man  
and contend that it is proper that he  
should be succeeded by a senator from  
the same section. It is possible that  
Mr. Mills may not desire the appoint-  
ment. There is little doubt that Sen-  
ator Gray, who stood next to Senator  
Vance on the committee on privileges  
and elections, will surrender his chair-  
manship of the committee on patents  
to accept that of privileges and elec-  
tions.

**WILL GIVE A HEARING.**  
Secretary Carlisle to Decide How  
Many Seats Shall be Filled.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—Secretary  
Carlisle has not yet reached a decision  
as to the number of seats in the North  
American Commercial company should  
be permitted to take during the coming  
season, and at the request of counsel  
for the company has decided to give a  
hearing on the subject at an early date.  
The date for this hearing has not yet  
been agreed upon, but it is expected to  
take place within the next few days, as  
the hearing season is now so near at hand.  
Last year the secretary acceded to the in-  
sistent contention of the British govern-  
ment and limited the catch to 7500, partly  
enough to supply the natives with  
food, but there are reasons for the belief  
that this number will be materially  
increased for the coming season. It is  
believed that the operations of the  
company under last year's limitation  
were conducted at a financial loss, and  
it is thought the secretary is willing  
to increase the number which may  
be taken this year if he can do so  
without seriously interfering with the  
natural increase of the herds. It is the  
opinion of some persons interested in  
the matter that as many as 20,000  
skins will be permitted to be taken  
this year, but this is hardly probable.  
In view of the fact that the govern-  
ment agent at the seal islands has  
reported that in his opinion 20,000  
is the very highest number that can  
safely be authorized. The general  
opinion is that this number 20,000  
will likely be finally settled upon.

**BRECKINRIDGE IN THE HOUSE.**  
He Makes His First Appearance  
Since the Great Case Began.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—Representative  
Breckinridge of Kentucky, ap-  
peared on the floor of the house of  
representatives today for the first time  
since the famous Pollard-Breckinridge  
trial began in court. He reached the  
capital shortly before the session  
opened and went first to the appropria-  
tions committee room, where he ex-  
changed greetings with members of the  
committee. There was no allusion to  
the litigation and merely the usual  
expressions as to good health. Then  
he passed through the lobby to  
Speaker Craig's private office where  
Representative Henderson of North  
Carolina was consulting the speaker as  
to the resolutions of respect to Breckin-  
ridge. There were brief exchanges  
of good wishes and again a careful  
avoidance of personal affairs. Mr.  
Breckinridge passed into the private  
lobby of the house where he en-  
countered many members. They shook  
his hand in passing. There was noth-  
ing, however, in the way of a demon-  
stration or unusual crowding about  
him. Mr. Breckinridge went on to the  
floor just as the chaplain was con-  
cluding his prayer and stood with  
bowed head at the closing words. Then  
he walked across the front area, grasp-  
ing a hand here and there, and proceed-  
ed up the aisle to his seat. Members  
were busy with their work and many  
failed to notice him. Three or four  
well-known men in the immediate  
neighborhood of his seat leaned over  
and shook his hand. He wore a smile  
but was evidently miserable and ill  
at ease under the ordeal. His face  
was florid and seemed to be more than  
usually flushed. There was little about  
him of the composure and nonchalant  
so characteristic of his earlier con-  
gressional days. Before he had been  
in his seat two minutes he shifted  
nervously and then arose and left the  
chamber. The house soon after took  
a recess. Col. Breckinridge said he  
would at once resume his congressional  
work.

**SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.**  
Opinions Handed Down by the United  
States Supreme Court.  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—The supreme  
court reversed the judgment of the  
lower court in the case of *Handy M.  
West, plaintiff in error, vs. W. L. Cal-  
bell and others*, from the circuit court  
for the Northern district of Texas.  
Justice Gray delivered the opinion, claim-  
ing as United States marshal arrested  
West on a warrant for the arrest of  
James West. He failed to secure  
damages in the lower court. The case  
is remanded, with directions to set  
aside the verdict and order a new trial.  
In the case of *Max Schoenfeld, et al.*,  
the plaintiff in error, vs. *Collector Hen-  
ricks of New York*, from the circuit  
court for the Southern district of New  
York, the supreme court affirmed the  
judgment of the lower court. Chief  
Justice Fuller delivered the opinion.  
The case involves a question of ap-  
praisement of imported merchandise  
for duties. In view of provisions made  
for such cases in the administrative  
customs act, the court holds that it is  
without jurisdiction.  
The court reversed the decision of  
the court of claims on a claim by *R. E.  
Shields*, Shields was district attorney  
for the Northern district of Ohio.  
The officers of the treasury department  
disallowed some of his accounts. The  
court of claims awarded him his claim,  
but this is reversed. Decision by Chief  
Justice Fuller.  
John Gourkoff, plaintiff in error, vs.  
the United States, from the circuit  
court of the Western district of Ar-  
kansas, is a case of a man sentenced  
to be hanged for murder. The supreme  
court reverses the decision of the lower  
court. The case is remanded for a  
new trial. Decision by Justice Harlan.  
The case of the United States vs.  
Morris G. Allen, from the circuit court  
of the Eastern district of Arkansas,  
was today advanced for hearing to the  
third Monday in October. Allen was  
a bank president, convicted of making  
false reports of the condition of the  
bank, which failed.  
The prohibition case from North Da-  
kota was set for the third Monday in  
October.

**WORKING FOR C. H. J. TAYLOR.**  
Vest and Martin Want the Senate to  
Confirm the Negro's Nomination.  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—Senator Mar-  
tin of Kansas and Senator Vest of Mis-  
souri are making a desperate and  
united effort to secure the confirmation  
of Charles H. J. Taylor, the Kansas  
City colored Democrat whom the pre-  
sident recently nominated for recorder  
of deeds of the District of Columbia.  
The committee on the District of Co-  
lumbia held in regular meeting today,  
but it failed to offer any further sug-  
gestions in regard to Mr. Taylor.  
Hence, it is inferred that the original  
decision, which was adverse to Tay-  
lor, will stand, so far as the commit-  
tee is concerned. Some of the Demo-  
cratic senators have suggested to Sen-  
ators Vest and Martin that if they are  
so anxious for Taylor's political suc-  
cess they ought to provide him a place  
in Kansas or Missouri. Neither Mr.  
Vest nor Mr. Martin has up to date  
agreed with this idea and their de-  
murrer is based upon the ground that  
the nomination of a colored man for  
a federal office in either of their states  
would prove most objectionable to the  
local Democracy. Hence, they think  
that Taylor ought to be imposed upon  
the District of Columbia. Taylor has  
about given up all hope of success for  
the last office for which he was nomi-  
nated and having failed of confirma-  
tion for two offices under this admin-  
istration, he expects to try for another  
if he can induce the president to make  
the experiment.

**THE HOUSE.**  
An Early Adjournment in Respect  
to Senator Vance.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—Owing to the  
death of Senator Vance the house  
transacted no public business today.  
Resolutions of respect to the memory  
of the distinguished North Carolina  
statesman were unanimously adopted.  
The house as a body participated in the  
funeral services in the senate. The  
following members of the house were  
appointed a committee to accompany  
the remains of the late senator to  
North Carolina: Messrs. Henderson of  
North Carolina, Black of Illinois, Alex-  
ander of North Carolina, Brewster of  
Indiana, Crawford of North Carolina,  
Daniel of New York, Strong of Ohio,  
Blair of New Hampshire and Hook of  
Tennessee.  
Appropriate resolutions were also  
adopted in honor of the memory of  
Gen. Henry W. Ransom, the gallant  
Union general, formerly a member of  
the house, who died in Brooklyn last  
Saturday, and as a further mark of  
respect for Senator Vance the house  
adjourned.

**TEXAS POSTMASTERS.**  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—Postoffices es-  
tablished today: Fullerton, Johnson  
county, Wm. J. Jones, postmaster; Wes-  
ter, Harris county, William D. Crow,  
postmaster.  
Fourth-class officers appointed: Cir-  
cleville, W. T. Sheldahl, H. T. Stearns,  
removed; Dorval, Douglas county, W. H.  
Harris, removed; Brookville, G. W. Mul-  
lin, T. H. Hudson, resigned.

**LEAVES OF ABSENCE.**  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—The house  
committee on expenditures in the  
treasury department has agreed to re-  
port favorably a bill giving employes  
in the customs service, including those  
receiving a per diem compensation, the  
same leaves of absence as are given  
employes in the departments at Wash-  
ington. The bill has the approval of  
Secretary Carlisle.

**NO TARIFF DEBATE TODAY.**  
It Will Give Way to the Considera-  
tion of the Chinese Bill.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—The tariff bill  
will be laid aside tomorrow, and the  
senate will go into executive session at  
1 o'clock for the consideration of the  
Chinese treaty. The managers of the  
tariff bill have only agreed to give  
one day for the treaty, and its friends  
will make a strong effort to have  
it disposed before adjournment. In  
this they will be opposed by many of  
the Western senators, and by some  
Republicans from other sections of  
the country. The opponents of the  
treaty will attempt first to defeat it  
outright, and failing in that, will try  
to have it amended. Senator Morgan  
said today that the treaty will be re-  
tained as it now stands. The first ques-  
tion to be disposed of in connection  
with the treaty tomorrow will be Sen-  
ator Mitchell's motion to consider it in  
open session.

**PEPPER SPOKE FOR POPULISTS.**  
New Clerk They Cannot be Depended  
Upon to Vote for the Tariff Bill.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—Mr. Pepper,  
who concluded his long tariff speech  
in the senate Friday, has made it clear  
what the attitude of one of the Popu-  
lists is. He will not vote for the tariff  
bill as it now stands, notwithstanding  
it contains the income tax provision.  
His chief objection is to the provisions  
of the revised Wilson bill as to wool  
and sugar. Mr. Pepper thinks that the  
sugar-growers of his section  
should be protected, if the refiners are  
to be protected, and he cannot under-  
stand why wool should be made free  
and duties retained on sugar manu-  
factures. There are a great many who  
share Mr. Pepper's views. Mr. Allen,  
another Populist, has previously in-  
dicated that he would be compelled to  
vote against the bill for the reasons  
indicated by Mr. Pepper. Mr. Pepper, in  
fact, maintains that the pending bill  
discriminates against the farming in-  
terests.

**THE SENATE.**  
Appropriate Resolutions Adopted  
Concerning the Death of Vance.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, April 16.—The senate  
today paid respect to the memory of  
the late Senator Vance of North Car-  
olina. In his opening prayer the  
chaplain alluded to the deceased in  
words of touching sympathy and hon-  
or. Appropriate resolutions were  
adopted, and the following honorary  
pall-bearers on the part of the senate  
were appointed by the vice-president:  
Senators Morrill, Sherman, Harris and  
McPherson.  
The senate then recessed until the  
house adjourns, when the funeral  
services were conducted in the senate  
chamber. At the conclusion of the  
ceremonies the senate adjourned.

**PERSONAL.**  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—United States  
Marshal John Williams of Paris is  
here today on official duties connected  
with the department of justice, and  
also to make a settlement of accounts  
with the comptroller of the treasury.  
Williams is on his way home from the  
Brooklyn penitentiary, where he took  
a prisoner.  
In the party which came to the cap-  
ital from North Carolina to attend the  
funeral services of the late Senator  
Vance was Secretary of State Octav-  
ius Coker, brother of the senior senator  
from Texas. The senator spent most  
of the day in company with him. Coker  
went to North Carolina almost the  
same time Senator Coker went to  
Texas. Both brothers left their home  
in Virginia long before the war.  
C. H. Stearns, president of the Farm-  
ers' national bank of Hillsboro, is  
here.

**PENSIONS TO TEXANS.**  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—The follow-  
ing pensions have been granted Tex-  
ans:  
Original widows, etc.—Elizabeth Min-  
or, Trinity county; Mary El-  
low, Waco, McLennan county.  
Mexican war survivors—William J.  
Cress, Fort Graham, Hill county;  
Christopher C. McGinnis, Yalala, El  
Paso county; John W. Little, Prairie  
Fire, Limestone county; Increase  
Hamilton E. Judd, Swift, Nacogdoches  
county.

**MADE A NEW APPLICATION.**  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—An applica-  
tion today was filed in the treasury  
department by John R. Mobley, of  
Waco for appointment as special in-  
spector of customs. Mobley, it will be  
remembered, was appointed consul to  
Mexico, but failed of confirmation, be-  
cause of opposition of Mr. Coker.

**STATE OF MEXICO PROLONGED.**  
By Associated Press.  
Paris, April 16.—Private telegrams  
received here from trustworthy sources  
dated Rio de Janeiro, say that the  
Brazilian congress will probably not  
meet at the time appointed, May 2,  
and that the state of siege will last  
until the end of June.

**BATLEY'S BANKRUPTCY BILL.**  
Special Dispatch.  
Washington, April 16.—There is a  
movement on foot in the house as soon  
as the various appropriations bills are  
(Continued on Second Page.)

**END OF THE WAR.**  
The Brazilian Insurrection  
at an End.  
DE MELLO SAILS SEAWARD.  
He Quarrels With One of  
His Generals.  
Do Gama Thought More of His  
Life Than He Did of His Honor.  
The Recent Trouble to Com-  
pletely Quelled—All Peace.

(Copyrighted, 1894, by the Associated  
Press.)  
New York, April 16.—The following  
letter was received by mail today per  
R. S. Coleridge, from the Associated  
Press correspondent at Rio de Janeiro:  
"Rio de Janeiro, March 14.—Writing  
from here some three weeks ago, the  
Associated Press correspondent said,  
'While nothing except taxation, not  
even bloodshed, is certain in a South  
American revolution, nevertheless it  
may fairly be said that the revolt in  
Brazil is dead. But the wake over the  
corpses may be lively.'  
'The wake, however, was very lively.  
Twice yesterday, for an hour or more  
each time, the government batteries  
thundered away at the rebel ships and  
forts, which, without their knowledge,  
had been absolutely deserted by the  
rebels during the previous night. It  
was a fitting burlesque termination to  
a burlesque war. On Sunday, March  
11, President Peixoto sent notices to  
the diplomatic corps that on noon,  
March 13, forty-eight hours after the  
date of the notice, he intended to open  
fire on the insurgents from the city  
batteries. This led to the almost com-  
plete desertion of the city, and when  
night fell the police took charge of the  
town. During the day Do Gama sent  
a proposal for surrender to the govern-  
ment. It was transmitted to the for-  
eign office by Count De Paiva, sec-  
retary of the Portuguese legation, the  
Portuguese minister being absent. The  
secretary commented by saying that  
he herewith transmitted a proposal for  
surrender from 'His Excellency, Ad-  
miral Balthazar Da Gama, commanding  
the fleet of the rebels in the harbor  
of Rio.' Do Gama's terms, briefly,  
were absolute surrender on promise of  
a general amnesty, all officers being al-  
lowed to leave for Europe after aver-  
aging never again to make war against  
the Brazilian government.  
'President Peixoto refused to consider  
this for a moment. He insisted upon  
unconditional surrender. When morning  
dawned the day presented its usual  
appearance. From all the insurgent  
ships and forts floated the white  
emblems of the rebels. If any person  
suspected the ships and forts had been  
deserted during the night they were  
not curious enough to take the risk  
of investigating the matter. Yet this  
was just what had occurred. During  
the night every ship was searched and  
every fort was evacuated and the rebel  
squad and marines were grouped on the  
two hospital islands. Many of their  
officers had already gone to sea on  
merchant vessels, and others had  
sought refuge on foreign merchant  
ships. The rest did the same before  
the day was over. The only officer  
known to have stayed with the rebel  
rank and file was Dr. Monteiro, who  
remained on Encarnadas island in order  
to provide for the wounded.  
'Admiral Balthazar Da Gama, unwilling  
to meet the fate to which he was led  
so many of his countrymen, went with-  
out other rebel officers on board the  
French man-of-war *Mexim*, which put  
to sea with them. Some say he had  
lived only to slay DeMello, but most  
people believe that he preferred to  
save his life at the expense of his honor.  
At noon precisely the bombardment  
commenced.  
**HAS COLLAPSED.**  
The Revolution in Brazil Believed  
to be at an End.  
(Copyrighted, 1894, by the Associated  
Press.)  
Montevideo, April 16.—An exclusive  
cable to the Associated Press Saturday  
afternoon the rebellion of Admiral De  
Mello against the government of Pres-  
ident Peixoto has completely collapsed  
and the capture of the rebel admiral by  
the fleet of President Peixoto is looked  
upon here as being only a question of  
a few hours. As said in the dispatch  
Saturday Admiral DeMello, after sus-  
taining a severe defeat at Rio Grande  
du Sul, losing from 400 to 500 men, was  
eager in putting to sea with the re-  
publican and transports and attempted  
to make a landing in the department  
of Rocha, Uruguay, intending to en-  
counter his whole force to the Urugu-  
ayan authorities. But at the last  
moment a disagreement took place be-  
tween the rebel admiral and Gen. Sik-  
gala and the latter, accompanied by  
600 armed, wounded and almost starved  
men, landed upon Uruguayan terri-  
tory and tendered their submission to  
the authorities.  
After Gen. Salazar had gone ashore  
Admiral DeMello sent an officer to  
render to the Uruguayan authorities